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HOUSE FILE 716
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                                                          AN ACT
    4 RELATING TO REVISING THE UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE, BY PROVIDING
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              FOR WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, BILLS OF LADING, AND OTHER
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              DOCUMENTS OF TITLE.
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     8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:
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                                                       DIVISION I
                                  REVISION TO UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE
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                                                         ARTICLE 7
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              Section 1. Section 554.7101, Code 2007, is amended to read
1 14 as follows:
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              554.7101
                               SHORT TITLE.
              This Article shall be known and may be cited as Uniform
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1 17 Commercial Code == Documents of Title.
              Sec. 2. Section 554.7102, Code 2007, is amended to read as
1 18
1 19 follows:
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              554.7102 DEFINITIONS AND INDEX OF DEFINITIONS.
              1. In this Article, unless the context otherwise requires:
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   22 a. "Bailee" means the a person who that by a warehouse 23 receipt, bill of lading, or other document of title
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1 24 acknowledges possession of goods and contracts to deliver
1 25 them.
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              b.
                      "Carrier" means a person that issues a bill of lading.
                     "Consignee" means the a person named in a bill of
1 27
         lading to whom which or to whose order the bill promises
   29 delivery.
                            "Consignor" means the a person named in a bill of
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              <del>c.</del> <u>d.</u>
         <u>lading</u> as the person from <u>whom</u> <u>which</u> the goods have been
    32 received for shipment.
             d. e. "Delivery order" means a written record that
   34 contains an order to deliver goods directed to a warehouse
1 35 operator, carrier, or other person who that in the ordinary 2 1 course of business issues warehouse receipts or bills of
2 2 lading.
             e. "Document" means document of title as defined in the
        general definitions in Article 1 (section 554.1201).

f. "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the observance
     6 of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing.
                     "Goods" means all things which that are treated as
    8 movable for the purposes of a contract of for storage or
2 9 transportation.
             g. h. "Issuer" means a bailee who that issues a document
2 10
   11 except that in relation to of title or, in the case of an
2 12 unaccepted delivery order, it means the person who that orders
2 13 the possessor of goods to deliver.  

| The term includes | T
2 14 any a person for whom which an agent or employee purports to 2 15 act in issuing a document if the agent or employee has real or
2 16 apparent authority to issue documents, notwithstanding that
2 17 even if the issuer received no did not receive any goods, or
    <del>18 that</del> the goods were misdescribed, or <del>that</del> in any other respect
2 19 the agent or employee violated that agent's or employee's the
   20 issuer's instructions.
                    "Person entitled under the document" means the holder,
         in the case of a negotiable document of title, or the person
2 23 to which delivery of the goods is to be made by the terms of
   24 or pursuant to instructions in a record under, a nonnegotiable 25 document of title.
              j. "Record" means information that is inscribed on a
        tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other
    28 medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
                     "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or
        <u>adopt a record:</u>
              (1) to execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or (2) to attach to or logically associate with the record an
2 32
   33 electronic sound, symbol, or process.
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   34
              1. "Shipper" means a person that enters into a contract of
         <u>transportation with a carrier.</u>
              h. m. "Warehouse operator" is "Warehouse" means a person
     2 engaged in the business of storing goods for hire.
              2. Other definitions applying to this Article or to
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3 4 specified Parts thereof, and the sections in which they appear
   5 are:
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3 7
         "Duly negotiate"
                                                 Section 554.7501
         "Person entitled under
  8 the document"
                                                 Section 554.7403(4)
         3. Definitions in other Articles applying to this Article
3 9
3 10 and the sections in which they appear are:
3 11
         a. "Contract for sale"
                                                  Section 554.2106
3 12
         "Overseas"
                                                 Section 554.2323
3 13
         b. "Lessee in ordinary course
  14 of business"
                                                  <u>Section 554.13103</u>
              "Receipt" of goods
                                                  Section 554.2103
3 15
         c. "Receipt" of goods
4. 3. In addition, Article 1 contains general definitions
and interpretation applicable
3 16
3 17 and principles of construction and interpretation applicable
3 18 throughout this Article.
3 19
         Sec. 3. Section 554.7103, Code 2007, is amended to read as
3 20 follows:
         554.7103 RELATION OF ARTICLE TO TREATY OR STATUTE T
3 21
  22 TARIFF, CLASSIFICATION OR REGULATION.
         1. To the extent that This Article is subject to any
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3 24 treaty or statute of the United States, or regulatory statute 3 25 of this state or tariff, classification or regulation filed or
<del>3 26 issued pursuant thereto</del> <u>to the extent that the treaty,</u>
  27 statute, or regulatory statute is applicable, the provisions
3 28 of this Article are subject thereto.
         2. This Article does not modify or repeal any law
  30 prescribing the form or content of a document of title or the
3 31 services or facilities to be afforded by a bailee, or
  32 otherwise regulating a bailee's business in respects not
  33 specifically treated in this Article. However, violation of
  34 such a law does not affect the status of a document of title
  35 that otherwise is within the definition of a document of
 1 title.
2 3. This Article modifies, limits, and supersedes the
3 federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce
  4 Act (15 U.S.C. } 7001, et seq.) but does not modify, limit, or
   5 supersede } 101(c) of that Act (15 U.S.C. } 7001(c)) or
   6 authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described 7 in } 103(b) of that Act (15 U.S.C. } 7003(b)).
        4. To the extent there is a conflict between chapter 554D,
4 8
4 9 the "Uniform Electronic Transactions Act", and this Article, 4 10 this Article governs.
         Sec. 4. Section 554.7104, Code 2007, is amended to read as
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4 12 follows:
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         554.7104 NEGOTIABLE AND NONNEGOTIABLE WAREHOUSE RECEIPT,
4 14 BILL OF LADING OR OTHER DOCUMENT OF TITLE.
     1. A warehouse receipt, bill of lading or other Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, a document of title is
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4 17 negotiable
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       a. if by its terms the goods are to be delivered to bearer
4 19 or to the order of a named person; or.
4 2.0
         b. where recognized in overseas trade, if it runs to a
4 21
     named person or assigns.
4 22
         2.
            Any other A document of title other than the one
  23 described in subsection 1 is nonnegotiable. A bill of lading
4 24 in which it is stated that states that the goods are consigned
4 25 to a named person is not made negotiable by a provision that
4 26 the goods are to be delivered only against a written an order
4 27 in a record signed by the same or another named person.
4 28
         3. A document of title is nonnegotiable if, at the time it
4 29 is issued, the document has a conspicuous legend, however 4 30 expressed, that it is nonnegotiable.
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         Sec. 5. Section 554.710\overline{5}, Code 2007, is amended to read as
4 32 follows:
4 33
         554.7105 CONSTRUCTION AGAINST NEGATIVE IMPLICATION
4 34 REISSUANCE IN ALTERNATIVE MEDIUM.
4 35
         1. The omission from either Part 2 or Part 3 of this
  1 Article of a provision corresponding to a provision made in
  - 2 the other Part does not imply that a corresponding rule of law
   3 is not applicable. Upon request of a person entitled under an
   4 electronic document of title, the issuer of the electronic
   5 document may issue a tangible document of title as a 6 substitute for the electronic document if:
         a. the person entitled under the electronic document
   8 surrenders control of the document to the issuer; and
9 b. the tangible document when issued contains a statement
5 10 that it is issued in substitution for the electronic document.
     2. Upon issuance of a tangible document of title in substitution for an electronic document of title in accordance
5 13 with subsection 1:
         a. the electronic document ceases to have any effect or
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15 validity; and

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b. the person that procured issuance of the tangible 5 17 document warrants to all subsequent persons entitled under t) 5 18 tangible document that the warrantor was a person entitled 5 19 under the electronic document when the warrantor surrendered 5 20 control of the electronic document to the issuer.

3. Upon request of a person entitled under a tangible document of title, the issuer of the tangible document may 5 23 issue an electronic document of title as a substitute for the 5 24 tangible document if:

a. the person entitled under the tangible document surrenders possession of the document to the issuer; and

b. the electronic document when issued contains a statement that it is issued in substitution for the tangible 5 29 document.

4. Upon issuance of an electronic document of title in substitution for a tangible document of title in accordance <u>with subsection 3:</u>

a. the tangible document ceases to have any effect or validity; and

b. the person that procured issuance of the electronic document warrants to all subsequent persons entitled under 2 electronic document that the warrantor was a person entitled under the tangible document when the warrantor surrendered 4 possession of the tangible document to the issuer.

Sec. 6. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 554.7106 CONTROL OF ELECTRONIC 6 DOCUMENT OF TITLE.

- 1. A person has control of an electronic document of title 8 if a system employed for evidencing the transfer of interests 9 in the electronic document reliably establishes that person as 10 the person to which the electronic document was issued or 6 11 transferred.
- 6 12 2. A system satisfies subsection 1, and a person is deemed 6 13 to have control of an electronic document of title, if the 6 14 document is created, stored, and assigned in such a manner 6 15 that:
- а. a single authoritative copy of the document exists 6 17 which is unique, identifiable, and, except as otherwise 6 18 provided in paragraphs "d", "e", and "f", unalterable;
- b. the authoritative copy identifies the person asserting 6 20 control as:

- (1) the person to which the document was issued; or(2) if the authoritative copy indicates that the document 6 23 has been transferred, the person to which the document was 6 24 most recently transferred;
- c. the authoritative copy is communicated to and 6 26 maintained by the person asserting control or its designated 27 custodian;
- d. copies or amendments that add or change an identified 6 29 assignee of the authoritative copy can be made only with the 6 30 consent of the person asserting control;
- 6 31 e. each copy of the authoritative copy and any copy of a 6 32 copy is readily identifiable as a copy that is not the 33 authoritative copy; and
 - f. any amendment of the authoritative copy is readily 35 identifiable as authorized or unauthorized.
 - Sec. 7. Section 554.7201, Code 2007, is amended to read as follows:
 - 554.7201 WHO PERSON THAT MAY ISSUE A WAREHOUSE RECEIPT == 4 STORAGE UNDER GOVERNMENT BOND. 5
 - 1. A warehouse receipt may be issued by any warehouse 6 operator.
- 2. Where If goods, including distilled spirits and 7 8 agricultural commodities, are stored under a statute requiring 7 9 a bond against withdrawal or a license for the issuance of 7 10 receipts in the nature of warehouse receipts, a receipt issued 7 11 for the goods has like effect as is deemed to be a warehouse 7 12 receipt even though if issued by a person who that is the 7 13 owner of the goods and is not a warehouse operator.
- Sec. 8. Section 554.7202, Code 2007, is amended to read as 7 15 follows:
- 7 16 554.7202 FORM OF WAREHOUSE RECEIPT == ESSENTIAL TERMS == OPTIONAL TERMS EFFECT OF OMISSION. 17 7 18
 - 1. A warehouse receipt need not be in any particular form.
- 7 19 Unless a warehouse receipt embodies within its written 20 or printed terms provides for each of the following, the 7 21 warehouse operator is liable for damages caused to a person
 - 7 22 7 23 <u>injured</u> by the <u>its</u> omission to a person injured thereby: a. a statement of the location of the warehouse facility
 - 7 24 where the goods are stored; b. the date of issue of the receipt;

7 26 the consecutive number unique identification code of 7 27 the receipt; 7 28 d. a statement whether the goods received will be 7 29 delivered to the bearer, to a specified named person, or to a 7 30 specified named person or that person's its order; e. the rate of storage and handling charges, except that 7 31 32 where unless goods are stored under a field warehousing 7 33 arrangement, in which case a statement of that fact is 7 34 sufficient on a nonnegotiable receipt; 7 35 f. a description of the goods or of the packages 8 1 containing them; 8 g. the signature of the warehouse operator, which may be 8 -3 made by the warehouse operator's authorized <u>or its</u> agent; h. if the receipt is issued for goods of which that the 8 5 warehouse operator is owner owns, either solely, or jointly, 8 6 or in common with others, a statement of the fact of such that 8 7 ownership; and i. a statement of the amount of advances made and of 8 9 liabilities incurred for which the warehouse operator claims a 8 8 10 lien or security interest_ (section 554.7209). If unless the 11 precise amount of such advances made or of such liabilities 8 12 incurred is, at the time of the issue of the receipt, is 8 13 unknown to the warehouse operator or to the warehouse 8 14 operator's its agent who issues it that issued the receipt, in 8 15 which case a statement of the fact that advances have been 8 16 made or liabilities incurred and the purpose thereof of the 17 advances or liabilities is sufficient. 8 18 3. A warehouse operator may insert in the <u>its</u> receipt any 8 19 other terms which that are not contrary to the provisions of 8 20 this chapter and do not impair the warehouse operator's its 8 21 obligation of delivery (section 554.7403) <u>under section</u> 8 22 554.7403 or its duty of care (section 554.7204) <u>under section</u> 8 23 554.7204. Any contrary provisions shall be provision is 8 24 ineffective. Section 554.7203, Code 2007, is amended to read as 8 25 Sec. 9. 8 26 follows: 8 27 554.7203 LIABILITY FOR NONRECEIPT OR MISDESCRIPTION. 8 28 A party to or purchaser for value in good faith of a 8 29 document of title, other than a bill of lading relying in 30 either case, that relies upon the description therein of the 8 31 goods <u>in the document</u> may recover from the issuer damages 8 32 caused by the nonreceipt or misdescription of the goods, 8 33 except to the extent that: 8 34 1. the document conspicuously indicates that the issuer 8 35 does not know whether any all or part or all of the goods in 1 fact were received or conform to the description, as where 2 such as the case in which the description is in terms of marks 3 or labels or kind, quantity, or condition, or the receipt or 4 description is qualified by "contents, condition, and quality 5 unknown", "said to contain", or the like, words of similar 9 9 import, if such the indication be is true; or 6 2. the party or purchaser otherwise has notice of the 8 nonreceipt or misdescription. 9 Section 554.7204, Code 2007, is amended to read Sec. 10. 9 10 as follows: 554.7204 DUTY OF CARE == CONTRACTUAL LIMITATION OF 9 11 9 12 WAREHOUSE OPERATOR'S WAREHOUSE'S LIABILITY.
9 13 1. A warehouse operator is liable for damages for loss of 9 14 or injury to the goods caused by the warehouse operator's its 9 15 failure to exercise such care in with regard to them as the 16 goods that a reasonably careful person would exercise under 9 17 like <u>similar</u> circumstances <u>but unless</u>. <u>Unless</u> otherwise 9 18 agreed, the warehouse operator is not liable for damages which 9 19 that could not have been avoided by the exercise of such that 9 20 care. 9 21 Damages may be limited by a term in the warehouse 2. . 9 22 receipt or storage agreement limiting the amount of liability 9 23 in case of loss or damage, and setting forth a specific liability per article or item, or value per unit of weight, 9 25 beyond which the warehouse operator shall is not be liable+ 9 26 provided, however, that such liability may on written. Such a 9 27 limitation is not effective with respect to the warehouse's 9 28 liability for conversion to its own use. On request of the 9 29 bailor <u>in a record</u> at the time of signing such <u>the</u> storage 9 30 agreement or within a reasonable time after receipt of the 9 31 warehouse receipt, the warehouse's liability may be increased 9 32 on part or all of the goods thereunder, in which covered by 9 33 the storage agreement or the warehouse receipt. In thi 9 34 event, increased rates may be charged based on such an 9 35 increased valuation, but that no such increase shall be

10 1 permitted contrary to a lawful limitation of liability

2 contained in the warehouse operator's tariff, if any of 10 3 goods. No such limitation is effective with respect to the 10 4 warehouse operator's liability for conversion to the warehouse -10operator's own use.

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10 6 3. Reasonable provisions as to the time and manner of 7 presenting claims and instituting commencing actions based on 8 the bailment may be included in the warehouse receipt or 9 tariff storage agreement.

This section does not modify or repeal any provision , or 203D. under chapter 203, 203C

10 12 Section 554.7205, Code 2007, is amended to read Sec. 11. as follows: 10 13

554.7205 TITLE UNDER WAREHOUSE RECEIPT DEFEATED IN CERTAIN CASES.

10 15 A buyer in the ordinary course of business of fungible 10 17 goods sold and delivered by a warehouse operator who that is 10 18 also in the business of buying and selling such goods takes 10 19 the goods free of any claim under a warehouse receipt even the goods free of any claim under a warehouse receipt even 10 20 though it if the receipt is negotiable and has been duly 10 21 negotiated.

Section 554.7206, Code 2007, is amended to read Sec. 12. 10 23 as follows:

554.7206 TERMINATION OF STORAGE AT WAREHOUSE OPERATOR'S 10 25 WAREHOUSE'S OPTION.

1. A warehouse operator may on notifying, by giving notice to the person on whose account the goods are held and any 10 28 other person known to claim an interest in the goods, may 10 29 require payment of any charges and removal of the goods from 10 30 the warehouse at the termination of the period of storage 10 31 fixed by the document, of title or, if no a period is not 10 32 fixed, within a stated period not less than thirty days after 10 33 the notification warehouse gives notice. If the goods are not 10 34 removed before the date specified in the notification notice, 10 35 the warehouse operator may sell them in accordance with the 11 1 provisions of the pursuant to section on enforcement of a warehouse operator's lien (section 554.7210) 554.7210.

2. If a warehouse operator in good faith believes that the 4 goods are about to deteriorate or decline in value to less 5 than the amount of the warehouse operator's its lien within 6 the time prescribed provided in subsection 1 for notification, advertisement and sale and section 554.7210, the warehouse 8 operator may specify in the notification <u>notice given under</u> 9 subsection 1 any reasonable shorter time for removal of the 11 10 goods and in case, if the goods are not removed, may sell them 11 11 at public sale held not less than one week after a single 11 12 advertisement or posting.

3. If $\underline{\ }$ as a result of a quality or condition of the goods 11 14 of which the warehouse operator had no did not have notice at 11 15 the time of deposit, the goods are a hazard to other property. 11 16 or to the warehouse <u>facilities</u>, or to <u>other</u> persons, the 11 17 warehouse operator may sell the goods at public or private 11 18 sale without advertisement or posting on reasonable 11 19 notification to all persons known to claim an interest in the 11 20 goods. If the warehouse, operator after a reasonable effort, is unable to sell the goods the warehouse operator, it may 11 22 dispose of them in any lawful manner and shall does not incur 11 23 no liability by reason of such that disposition.

11 24 4. The A warehouse operator must shall deliver the goods 11 25 to any person entitled to them under this Article upon due 11 26 demand made at any time prior to before sale or other 11 27 disposition under this section.

11 28 5. The A warehouse operator may satisfy the warehouse operator's its lien from the proceeds of any sale or 29 11 30 disposition under this section but must shall hold the balance 11 31 for delivery on the demand of any person to whom which the 11 32 warehouse operator would have been bound to deliver the goods. 11 33 Sec. 13. Section 554.7207, Code 2007, is amended to read 11 34 as follows:

GOODS MUST BE KEPT SEPARATE == FUNGIBLE GOODS. 554.7207

11 35 Unless the warehouse receipt otherwise provides 2 <u>otherwise</u>, a warehouse operator must <u>shall</u> keep separate the 3 goods covered by each receipt so as to permit at all times 4 identification and delivery of those goods except that. However, different lots of fungible goods may be commingled.

12 2. Fungible If different lots of fungible goods so are 7 commingled, the goods are owned in common by the persons 12 12 8 entitled thereto and the warehouse operator is severally liable to each owner for that owner's share. Where If 12 12 10 because of overissue, a mass of fungible goods is insufficient

12 11 to meet all the receipts which the warehouse operator has

12 12 issued against it, the persons entitled include all holders to

12 13 whom which overissued receipts have been duly negotiated. 12 14 Sec. 14. Section 554.7208, Code 2007, is amended to read 12 15 as follows: 12 16 554.7208 ALTERED WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS. 554.7208 12 17 Where If a blank in a negotiable tangible warehouse receipt 12 18 has been filled in without authority, a good=faith purchaser 12 19 for value and without notice of the want lack of authority may 12 20 treat the insertion as authorized. Any other unauthorized 12 21 alteration leaves any tangible or electronic warehouse receipt 12 22 enforceable against the issuer according to its original 12 23 tenor. 12 24 Sec. 15. Section 554.7209, Code 2007, is amended to read 12 25 as follows: 12 26 554.7209 LIEN OF WAREHOUSE OPERATOR. 12 27 1. A warehouse $\frac{\text{operator}}{\text{operator}}$ has a lien against the bailor on 12 28 the goods covered by a warehouse receipt or storage agreement 12 29 or on the proceeds thereof in the warehouse operator's its 12 30 possession for charges for storage or transportation 12 31 (including, including demurrage and terminal charges) charges, 12 32 insurance, labor, or other charges, present or future, in 33 relation to the goods, and for expenses necessary for 12 12 34 preservation of the goods or reasonably incurred in their sale 12 35 pursuant to law. If the person on whose account the goods are 1 held is liable for like similar charges or expenses in
2 relation to other goods whenever deposited and it is stated in 13 13 13 3 the <u>warehouse</u> receipt <u>or storage agreement</u> that a lien is 13 4 claimed for charges and expenses in relation to other goods, 13 5 the warehouse operator also has a lien against that person the 13 13 6 goods covered in the warehouse receipt or storage agreement or 7 on the proceeds thereof in its possession for such those 13 8 charges and expenses_ whether or not the other goods have been 13 9 delivered by the warehouse operator. But However, as against 13 10 a person to whom which a negotiable warehouse receipt is duly 13 11 negotiated, a warehouse operator's warehouse's lien is limited 13 12 to charges in an amount or at a rate specified on in the 13 13 warehouse receipt or, if no charges are so specified, then to 13 14 a reasonable charge for storage of the <u>specific</u> goods covered 13 15 by the receipt subsequent to the date of the receipt. 13 16 2. The \underline{A} warehouse operator may also reserve a security 13 17 interest against the bailor for a the maximum amount specified 13 18 on the receipt for charges other than those specified in 13 19 subsection 1, such as for money advanced and interest. Suc 13 20 The security interest is governed by the Article on Secured 13 21 Transactions (Article 9) <u>9</u>. 13 22 3. a. A warehouse operator's warehouse's lien for charges 13 23 and expenses under subsection 1 or a security interest under 13 24 subsection 2 is also effective against any person who that so 13 25 entrusted the bailor with possession of the goods that a 13 26 pledge of them by the bailor to a good faith good=faith 13 27 purchaser for value would have been valid but. However, 13 28 lien or security interest is not effective against a person as
13 29 to whom the that before issuance of a document confers no -13 30 right of title had a legal interest or perfected security <u>interest</u> in the goods covered by it under section 554.7503. 13 32 and that did not: deliver or entrust the goods or any document of title 13 33 <u>13</u> 13 covering the goods to the bailor or the bailor's nominee with: (1) actual or apparent authority to ship, store, or sell; (2) power to obtain delivery under section 554.7403; or 14 14 2 (3) power of disposition under sections 554.2403, 14 554.13304, subsection 2, 554.13305, subsection 2, 554.9320, or 14 4 554.9321, subsection 3, or other statute or rule of law; or 14 b. acquiesce in the procurement by the bailor or its <u>14</u> 14 nominee of any document. 14 7 b. 4. A warehouse operator's warehouse's lien on 14 8 household goods for charges and expenses in relation to the 14 goods under subsection 1 is also effective against all persons 14 10 if the depositor was the legal possessor of the goods at the time of deposit. "Household In this subsection, 14 11 14 12 goods" means furniture, furnishings and, or personal effects 14 13 used by the depositor in a dwelling.
14 14 4. 5. A warehouse operator loses the warehouse operator's
14 15 its lien on any goods which the warehouse operator that it 14 16 voluntarily delivers or unjustifiably refuses to deliver. 14 17 Sec. 16. Section 554.7210, Code 2007, is amended to read 14 18 as follows: 14 19 554.7210 ENFORCEMENT OF WAREHOUSE OPERATOR'S WAREHOUSE'S 14 20 LIEN. 14 21 Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2,

14 21 1. Except as <u>otherwise</u> provided in subsection 2, a 14 22 <u>warehouse operator's warehouse's</u> lien may be enforced by 14 23 public or private sale of the goods, in <u>block bulk</u> or in

14 24 parcels packages, at any time or place and on any terms which 14 25 that are commercially reasonable, after notifying all persons 14 26 known to claim an interest in the goods. Such <u>The</u> 14 27 notification must include a statement of the amount due, the 14 28 nature of the proposed sale, and the time and place of any 14 29 public sale. The fact that a better price could have been 14 30 obtained by a sale at a different time or in a different 14 31 method <u>different</u> from that selected by the warehouse operator 14 32 is not of itself sufficient to establish that the sale was not 14 33 made in a commercially reasonable manner. If the The 14 34 warehouse operator either sells in a commercially reasonable <u>14</u> 15 35 manner if the warehouse sells the goods in the usual manner in 1 any recognized market therefor, or if the warehouse operator 15 2 sells at the price current in such that market at the time of 3 the warehouse operator's sale, or if the warehouse operator 15 4 has otherwise sold sells in conformity with commercially -1515 5 reasonable practices among dealers in the type of goods sold--156 the warehouse operator has sold in a commercially reasonable 7 manner. A sale of more goods than apparently necessary to be -1515 8 offered to insure ensure satisfaction of the obligation is not 15 9 commercially reasonable, except in cases covered by the 15 10 preceding sentence. 15 11

2. A warehouse operator's may enforce its lien on goods, 15 12 other than goods stored by a merchant in the course of the -1513 merchant's its business may be enforced only as follows, only 15 14 if the following requirements are satisfied:

15 15 a. All persons known to claim an interest in the goods 15 16 must be notified.

b. The notification must be delivered in person or sent by 15 17 -15 18 registered or certified letter to the last known address of 19 any person to be notified.

15 20 c. b. The notification must include an itemized statement 15 21 of the claim, a description of the goods subject to the lien, 15 22 a demand for payment within a specified time not less than ten 15 23 days after receipt of the notification, and a conspicuous 15 24 statement that unless the claim is paid within that time the 15 25 goods will be advertised for sale and sold by auction at a 15 26 specified time and place.

d. c. The sale must conform to the terms of the 15 28 notification.

 $\frac{15}{29}$ $\frac{e}{e}$ $\frac{d}{d}$. The sale must be held at the nearest suitable place 15 30 to $\frac{d}{d}$ where the goods are held or stored.

f. e. After the expiration of the time given in the 15 32 notification, an advertisement of the sale must be published 15 33 once a week for two weeks consecutively in a newspaper of 15 34 general circulation where the sale is to be held. The 15 35 advertisement must include a description of the goods, the 1 name of the person on whose account they the goods are being 2 held, and the time and place of the sale. The sale must tak The sale must take 3 place at least fifteen days after the first publication. 4 there is no newspaper of general circulation where the sale is 5 to be held, the advertisement must be posted at least ten days 6 before the sale in not less fewer than six conspicuous places 7 in the neighborhood of the proposed sale.

8 3. Before any sale pursuant to this section, any person 9 claiming a right in the goods may pay the amount necessary to 16 10 satisfy the lien and the reasonable expenses incurred under in 16 11 complying with this section. In that event, the goods must 16 12 may not be sold, but must be retained by the warehouse 16 13 operator subject to the terms of the receipt and this Article.

4. The \underline{A} warehouse operator may buy at any public sale

16 15 <u>held</u> pursuant to this section.

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- 16 16 5. A purchaser in good faith of goods sold to enforce a warehouse operator's warehouse's lien takes the goods free of 16 17 16 18 any rights of persons against whom which the lien was valid, 16 19 despite the warehouse's noncompliance by the warehouse operator with the requirements of with this section.
- $\frac{-16 20}{}$ 6. The \underline{A} warehouse operator may satisfy the warehouse operator's its lien from the proceeds of any sale pursuant to 16 21 $\frac{16 22}{}$ 16 23 this section but must shall hold the balance, if any, for 16 24 delivery on demand to any person to whom which the warehouse 16 25 operator would have been bound to deliver the goods.

16 26 7. The rights provided by this section $\frac{1}{2}$ shall be $\frac{1}{2}$ in 16 27 addition to all other rights allowed by law to a creditor

16 28 against the creditor's <u>a</u> debtor.
16 29 8. Where <u>If</u> a lien is on goods stored by a merchant in the 16 30 course of the merchant's its business, the lien may be enforced in accordance with either subsection 1 or 2.

9. The A warehouse operator is liable for damages caused 16 31

16 32 16 33 by failure to comply with the requirements for sale under this 16 34 section and, in case of willful violation, is liable for

16 35 conversion. 17 Sec. 17. Section 554.7301, Code 2007, is amended to read 2 as follows: 17 17 LIABILITY FOR NONRECEIPT OR MISDESCRIPTION == 554.7301 17 "SAID TO CONTAIN" == "SHIPPER'S WEIGHT, LOAD, AND COUNT" == 17 5 IMPROPER HANDLING. 6 1. A consignee of a nonnegotiable bill who of lading which 7 has given value in good faith, or a holder to whom which a 17 17 8 negotiable bill has been duly negotiated, relying in either 17 -17

case upon the description therein of the goods, in the bill or 17 10 upon the date therein shown in the bill, may recover from the 17 11 issuer damages caused by the misdating of the bill or the 17 12 nonreceipt or misdescription of the goods, except to the 17 13 extent that the document bill indicates that the issuer does 17 14 not know whether any part or all of the goods in fact were 17 15 received or conform to the description, as where such as in a 17 16 case in which the description is in terms of marks or labels 17 17 or kind, quantity, or condition or the receipt or description 17 18 is qualified by "contents or condition of contents of packages 17 19 unknown", "said to contain", "shipper's weight, load, and 17 20 count", or the like words of similar import, if such that indication be is true. 17 21 17 22 2. When If goods are loaded by $\frac{1}{2}$ issuer $\frac{1}{2}$ who is a

common carrier, the of a bill of lading;
a. the issuer must shall count the packages of goods if 17 25 package freight shipped in packages and ascertain the kind and 17 26 quantity if shipped in bulk freight. In such cases; and

17 27 <u>b. words such as</u> "shipper's weight, load, and count", or 17 28 other words of similar import indicating that the description 17 29 was made by the shipper are ineffective except as to freight goods concealed by in packages.
3. When If bulk freight is goods are loaded by a shipper 17 30

17 32 who that makes available to the issuer of a bill of lading adequate facilities for weighing such freight those goods, an 17 33 the issuer who is a common carrier must shall ascertain the 17 35 kind and quantity within a reasonable time after receiving the written shipper's request of the shipper in a record to do so. In such cases that case, "shipper's weight" or other words of like purport similar import are ineffective.

4. The issuer <u>may of a bill of lading</u>, by <u>inserting including</u> in the bill the words "shipper's weight, load, and count", or other words of <u>like purport similar import</u>, <u>may</u> indicate that the goods were loaded by the shipper+, and, if such that statement be is true, the issuer shall is not be
liable for damages caused by the improper loading. But their 18 10 However, omission of such words does not imply liability for such damages caused by improper loading.

18 11 18 12 5. The \underline{A} shipper shall be deemed to have guaranteed 18 13 guarantees to the \underline{A} issuer the accuracy at the time of 18 14 shipment of the description, marks, labels, number, kind, 18 15 quantity, condition, and weight, as furnished by the shipper+, 18 16 and the shipper shall indemnify the issuer against damage 18 17 caused by inaccuracies in such those particulars. The This 18 18 right of the issuer to such indemnity shall in no way does not 18 19 limit the issuer's responsibility and or liability under the 18 20 contract of carriage to any person other than the shipper.

Sec. 18. Section 554.7302, Code 2007, is amended to read

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554.7302 THROUGH BILLS OF LADING AND SIMILAR DOCUMENTS OF

18 25 The issuer of a through bill of lading, or other 1. 18 26 document of title embodying an undertaking to be performed in 18 27 part by persons a person acting as its agent or by 18 28 connecting carriers a performing carrier, is liable to anyone 18 29 any person entitled to recover on the bill or other document 18 30 for any breach by such the other persons person or by a -18connecting the performing carrier of its obligation under the 18 32 <u>bill or other document</u> but. However, to the extent that the 18 33 bill <u>or other document</u> covers an undertaking to be performed 18 34 overseas or in territory not contiquous to the continental 18 35 United States or an undertaking including matters other than transportation, this liability <u>for breach by the other person</u> or the performing carrier may be varied by agreement of the 19 <u>19</u> 19 3 parties.

19 2. Where If goods covered by a through bill of lading or 19 5 other document of title embodying an undertaking to be 6 performed in part by persons a person other than the issuer 19 are received by any such that person, that the person is subject, with respect to that person's its own performance 19 19 8 9 while the goods are in that person's its possession, to the 19 10 obligation of the issuer. That The person's obligation is

19 11 discharged by delivery of the goods to another such person 19 12 pursuant to the bill or other document, and does not include 19 13 liability for breach by any other such persons person or by 19 14 the issuer.

- 19 15 3. The issuer of $\frac{a}{b}$ through bill of lading or other 19 16 document shall be of title described in subsection 1 is 19 17 entitled to recover from the connecting performing carrier. 19 18 such other person in possession of the goods when the breach 19 19 of the obligation under the bill or other document occurred, 19 20 the:
- 19 21 the amount it may be required to pay to anyone any person entitled to recover on the bill or other document 19 23 therefor for the breach, as may be evidenced by any receipt, 19 24 judgment, or transcript thereof, of judgment; and
- 19 25 b. the amount of any expense reasonably incurred by it the <u>19 26 issuer</u> in defending any action brought <u>commenced</u> by anyone <u>any</u> 27 person entitled to recover on the bill or other document 19 28 therefor for the breach.
- Sec. 19. Section 554.7303, Code 2007, is amended to read 19 29 19 30 as follows:
- 554.7303 19 31 DIVERSION == RECONSIGNMENT == CHANGE OF 19 32 INSTRUCTIONS.
- 19 33 1. Unless the bill of lading otherwise provides, the a 19 34 carrier may deliver the goods to a person or destination other 19 35 than that stated in the bill or may otherwise dispose of the 1 goods, without liability for misdelivery, on instructions 20 2.0 2 from<u>:</u>
 - the holder of a negotiable bill; or

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- the consignor on a nonnegotiable bill notwithstanding, 20 b. 5 even if the consignee has given contrary instructions from the 20 20 6 consignee; or
- c. the consignee on a nonnegotiable bill in the absence of 8 contrary instructions from the consignor, if the goods have 9 arrived at the billed destination or if the consignee is in 20 10 possession of the <u>tangible</u> bill <u>or in control of the</u> 11 electronic bill; or
- 20 20 12 d. the consignee on a nonnegotiable bill if the consignee 20 13 is entitled as against the consignor to dispose of them the 20 goods.
- 20 15 2. Unless such instructions described in subsection 1 are 20 16 noted on included in a negotiable bill of lading, a person to 20 17 whom which the bill is duly negotiated can may hold the bailee 20 18 according to the original terms.
- Sec. 20. Section 554.7304, Code 2007, is amended to read 20 20 as follows:
 - 554.7304 TANGIBLE BILLS OF LADING IN A SET.
- 1. Except where as customary in overseas international transportation, a <u>tangible</u> bill of lading <u>must may</u> not be issued in a set of parts. The issuer is liable for damages 20 23 20 24 20 25 caused by violation of this subsection.
- 2. Where If a tangible bill of lading is lawfully drawn issued in a set of parts, each of which is numbered contains 20 26 20 27 an identification code and is expressed to be valid only if the goods have not been delivered against any other part, the 20 29 20 30 whole of the parts constitute constitutes one bill.
- Where If a tangible negotiable bill of lading is 20 32 lawfully issued in a set of parts and different parts are 33 negotiated to different persons, the title of the holder to 34 whom which the first due negotiation is made prevails as to 20 35 both the document of title and the goods even though if any 1 later holder may have received the goods from the carrier in good faith and discharged the carrier's obligation by 3 surrender of the later holder's surrendering its part.
 - 4. Any A person who that negotiates or transfers a single part of a tangible bill of lading drawn issued in a set is liable to holders of that part as if it were the whole set.
- 5. The bailee is obliged to shall deliver in accordance with Part 4 of this Article against the first presented part 8 of a tangible bill of lading lawfully drawn issued in a set. 21 10 Such delivery <u>Delivery in this manner</u> discharges the bailee's 21 11 obligation on the whole bill.
- 21 12 Sec. 21. Section 554.7305, Code 2007, is amended to read 21 13 as follows:
- DESTINATION BILLS. 21 14 554.7305
- Instead of issuing a bill of lading to the consignor at 21 16 the place of shipment, a carrier, may at the request of the 21 17 consignor, may procure the bill to be issued at destination or 21 18 at any other place designated in the request.
- 21 19 Upon request of anyone any person entitled as against 21 20 the a carrier to control the goods while in transit and on 21 21 surrender of possession or control of any outstanding bill of

21 22 lading or other receipt covering such the goods, the issuer, 23 subject to section 554.7105, may procure a substitute bill to 21 24 be issued at any place designated in the request. 21 25 Section 554.7307, Code 2007, is amended to read Sec. 22. 21 26 as follows: 21 27 554.7307 LIEN OF CARRIER. 1. A carrier has a lien on the goods covered by a bill of 21 28 21 29 lading or on the proceeds thereof in its possession for 21 30 charges subsequent to after the date of its the carrier's

21 31 receipt of the goods for storage or transportation (including) including demurrage and terminal charges, charges, and for 21 33 expenses necessary for preservation of the goods incident to 21 34 their transportation or reasonably incurred in their sale 35 pursuant to law. But However, against a purchaser for value 1 of a negotiable bill of lading, a carrier's lien is limited to 21 2.2 22

2 charges stated in the bill or the applicable tariffs, or, if 3 no charges are stated, then to a reasonable charge. 2. A lien for charges and expenses under subsection 1 on

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5 goods which that the carrier was required by law to receive 6 for transportation is effective against the consignor or any 7 person entitled to the goods unless the carrier had notice 8 that the consignor lacked authority to subject the goods to 22 9 <u>such those</u> charges and expenses. Any other lien under 22 10 subsection 1 is effective against the consignor and any person 22 11 <u>who</u> <u>that</u> permitted the bailor to have control or possession of 22 12 the goods unless the carrier had notice that the bailor lacked

22 13 such authority. 22 14 3. A carrier loses the carrier's its lien on any goods 22 15 which the carrier that it voluntarily delivers or which the $\frac{-22 \cdot 16}{}$ carrier unjustifiably refuses to deliver.

Sec. 23. Section 554.7308, Code 2007, is amended to read 22 18 as follows:

554.7308 ENFORCEMENT OF CARRIER'S LIEN.

22 19 22 20 1. A carrier's lien <u>on goods</u> may be enforced by public or 22 21 private sale of the goods, in bloc <u>bulk</u> or in parcels 22 22 packages, at any time or place and on any terms which that are 22 23 commercially reasonable, after notifying all persons known to 22 24 claim an interest in the goods. Such The notification must 22 25 include a statement of the amount due, the nature of the 22 26 proposed sale, and the time and place of any public sale. 22 27 fact that a better price could have been obtained by a sale at 22 28 a different time or in a different method different from that 22 29 selected by the carrier is not of itself sufficient to 22 30 establish that the sale was not made in a commercially 22 31 reasonable manner. If The carrier sells goods in a 32 commercially reasonable manner if the carrier either sells the 22 33 goods in the usual manner in any recognized market therefor. 22 34 or if the carrier sells at the price current in such that 22 35 market at the time of the carrier's sale, or if the carrier -1 has otherwise sold sells in conformity with commercially 2 reasonable practices among dealers in the type of goods sold 3 the carrier has sold in a commercially reasonable manner. A 4 sale of more goods than apparently necessary to be offered to 5 ensure satisfaction of the obligation is not commercially

- 6 reasonable_ except in cases covered by the preceding sentence. 2. Before any sale pursuant to this section, any person 8 claiming a right in the goods may pay the amount necessary to 9 satisfy the lien and the reasonable expenses incurred under in <u>complying with</u> this section. In that event, the goods must 23 11 may not be sold, but must be retained by the carrier, subject
- 23 12 to the terms of the bill <u>of lading</u> and this Article.
 23 13 3. The A carrier may buy at any public sale pursuant to 23 14 this section.
- 4. A purchaser in good faith of goods sold to enforce a 23 16 carrier's lien takes the goods free of any rights of persons against whom which the lien was valid, despite the carrier's 23 17 23 18 noncompliance by the carrier with the requirements of with 23 19 this section.
- 5. The \underline{A} carrier may satisfy the carrier's its lien from 23 21 the proceeds of any sale pursuant to this section but must 23 22 shall hold the balance, if any, for delivery on demand to any 23 23 person to whom which the carrier would have been bound to 23 24 deliver the goods.

6. The rights provided by this section shall be are in 23 25 23 26 addition to all other rights allowed by law to a creditor 23 27 against the creditor's a debtor.

23 28 7. A carrier's lien may be enforced in accordance with 23 29 pursuant to either subsection 1 or the procedure set forth in 23 30 subsection 2 of section 554.7210, subsection 2.

8. The A carrier is liable for damages caused by failure 23 32 to comply with the requirements for sale under this section

23 33 and, in case of willful violation, is liable for conversion. 23 34 Sec. 24. Section 554.7309, Code 2007, is amended to read 23 35 as follows: 24 DUTY OF CARE == CONTRACTUAL LIMITATION OF 554.7309 CARRIER'S LIABILITY. 2.4 24 1. A carrier who that issues a bill of lading, whether 4 negotiable or nonnegotiable $\frac{must}{n}$ shall exercise the degree of 24 24 5 care in relation to the goods which a reasonably careful 24 6 person would exercise under like similar circumstances. 7 subsection does not repeal or change affect any law or 2.4 24 8 statute, regulation, or rule of law which that imposes 9 liability upon a common carrier for damages not caused by its 24 24 10 negligence. 24 11 2. Damages may be limited by a provision term in the bill 24 <u>lading or in a transportation agreement</u> that the carrier's 24 13 liability shall may not exceed a value stated in the document 24 14 bill or transportation agreement if the carrier's rates are 24 15 dependent upon value and the consignor by the carrier's tariff 24 16 is afforded an opportunity to declare a higher value or a -24 17 value as lawfully provided in the tariff, or where no tariff 18 is filed and the consignor is otherwise advised of such the -2424 19 opportunity; but no. However, such a limitation is not 24 20 effective with respect to the carrier's liability for 24 21 conversion to its own use. 24 22 3. Reasonable provisions as to the time and manner of 24 23 presenting claims and instituting commencing actions based on 24 24 the shipment may be included in a bill of lading or tariff a 24 transportation agreement 24 26 Sec. 25. Section 554.7401, Code 2007, is amended to read 24 27 as follows: 24 28 554.7401 IRREGULARITIES IN ISSUE OF RECEIPT OR BILL OR 24 29 CONDUCT OF ISSUER. 24 30 The obligations imposed by this Article on an issuer apply 24 31 to a document of title regardless of the fact that even if: 24 32 the document may does not comply with the requirements 24 33 of this Article or of any other law statute, rule, or 24 34 regulation regarding its issue issuance, form, or content; or 2. the issuer may have violated laws regulating the conduct of the issuer's its business; or 24 35 25 25 3. the goods covered by the document were owned by the 25 3 bailee at the time when the document was issued; or 4. the person issuing the document does not come within 2.5 5 the definition of is not a warehouse operator if it but the -256 document purports to be a warehouse receipt. 25 Sec. 26. Section 554.7402, Code 2007, is amended to read 25 8 as follows: 25 9 554.7402 DUPLICATE RECEIPT OR BILL DOCUMENT OF TITLE == 25 10 OVERISSUE. 25 11 Neither a A duplicate nor or any other document of title 25 12 purporting to cover goods already represented by an 25 13 outstanding document of the same issuer confers does not <u>confer</u> any right in the goods, except as provided in the case 25 15 of tangible bills of lading in a set of parts, overissue of 25 16 documents for fungible goods, and substitutes for lost, 25 17 stolen, or destroyed documents, or substitute documents issue 25 18 pursuant to section 554.7105. But the The issuer is liable 25 19 for damages caused by the issuer's its overissue or failure to 25 20 identify a duplicate document $\frac{1}{2}$ as $\frac{1}{2}$ conspicuous 25 21 notation $\frac{1}{2}$ on $\frac{1}{2}$ identify a duplicate document $\frac{1}{2}$ as $\frac{1}{2}$ conspicuous 25 21 notation $\frac{1}{2}$ on $\frac{1}{2}$ identify a duplicate document $\frac{1}{2}$ as $\frac{1}{2}$ conspicuous 25 21 notation $\frac{1}{2}$ on $\frac{1}{2}$ identify a duplicate document $\frac{1}{2}$ on $\frac{1}{2}$ identify a duplicate document $\frac{1}{2}$ on $\frac{1}{2}$ identify a duplicate document $\frac{1}{2}$ on $\frac{1}{2}$ identify $\frac{1$ 25 22 Sec. 27. Section 554.7403, Code 2007, is amended to read 25 23 as follows: 25 24 554.7403 OBLIGATION OF WAREHOUSE OPERATOR OR CARRIER 25 25 BAILEE TO DELIVER == EXCUSE.
25 26 1. The A bailee must shall deliver the goods to a person 25 27 entitled under the a document who of title if the person 25 28 complies with subsections 2 and 3, unless and to the extent 25 29 that the bailee establishes any of the following: 25 30 a. delivery of the goods to a person whose receipt was 25 31 rightful as against the claimant; b. damage to or delay, loss, or destruction of the goods 25 33 for which the bailee is not liable, but the burden of -25establishing negligence in such cases is on the person 25 35 entitled under the document; 26 c. previous sale or other disposition of the goods in 26 2 lawful enforcement of a lien or on the warehouse operator's a warehouse's lawful termination of storage; 26 4 d. the exercise by a seller of the seller's its right to 5 stop delivery pursuant to the provisions of the Article on 26 26 6 Sales (section 554.2705) section 554.2705 or by a lessor of 26

7 its right to stop delivery pursuant to section 554.13526; 8 e. a diversion, reconsignment, or other disposition

26 9 pursuant to the provisions of this Article (section 554.7303) 26 10 or tariff regulating such right section 554.7303; 26 11 f. release, satisfaction or any other fact affording a 26 12 personal defense against the claimant; or g. any other lawful excuse.

2. A person claiming goods covered by a document of title 26 13 26 14 26 15 $\frac{\text{must shall}}{\text{shall}}$ satisfy the bailee's lien $\frac{\text{where}}{\text{if}}$ the bailee so 26 16 requests or $\frac{\text{where}}{\text{if}}$ the bailee is prohibited by law from 26 17 delivering the goods until the charges are paid. 26 18 3. Unless the a person claiming the goods is one a person 26 19 against whom which the document confers no of title does not 20 confer a right under section 554.7503, subsection 1, that: 26 26 21 a. the person must claiming under a document shall 26 22 surrender possession or control of any outstanding negotiable 26 23 document covering the goods for cancellation or notation 26 24 <u>indication</u> of partial deliveries any outstanding negotiable 26 25 document covering the goods, and the bailee must cancel the 26 26 document or conspicuously note the partial delivery thereon or 26 27 be liable to any person to whom the document is duly 26 28 negotiated.; and b. the bailee shall cancel the document or conspicuously 26 29 26 indicate in the document the partial delivery or the bailee is 30 26 31 liable to any person to which the document is duly negotiated. 4. "Person entitled under the document" means holder in 26 32 26 33 the case of a negotiable document, or the person to whom -26 34 delivery is to be made by the terms of or pursuant to written 26 35 instructions under a nonnegotiable document. 27 Sec. 28. Section 554.7404, Code 2007, is amended to read 27 2 as follows: 27 554.7404 NO LIABILITY FOR GOOD FAITH GOOD=FAITH DELIVERY 27 4 PURSUANT TO RECEIPT OR BILL DOCUMENT OF TITLE. 27 5 A bailee who that in good faith including observance of -27- 6 reasonable commercial standards has received goods and 27 7 delivered or otherwise disposed of them the goods according to 8 the terms of the a document of title or pursuant to this 27 27 9 Article is not liable therefor. This rule applies even though 27 10 for the goods even if: 27 11 <u>1.</u> the person from whom which the bailee received the 27 12 goods had no did not have authority to procure the document or 27 13 to dispose of the goods and even though; or 27 14 2. the person to whom which the bailee delivered the goods 27 15 had no did not have authority to receive them the goods. 27 16 Sec. 29. Section 554.7501, Code 2007, is amended to read 27 17 as follows: 27 18 554.7501 FORM OF NEGOTIATION AND REQUIREMENTS OF "DUE 27 19 NEGOTIATION" DUE NEGOTIATION. 1. A The following rules apply to a negotiable tangible 27 20 27 21 document of title running: 27 22 If the document's original terms run to the order of a <u>a.</u> 27 23 named person, the document is negotiated by that the named 27 24 person's endorsement indorsement and delivery. After that the 25 named person's endorsement indorsement in blank or to bearer_ 27 26 any person can <u>may</u> negotiate it <u>the document</u> by delivery 27 27 alone. 27 28 b. A negotiable document of title is also 2. 27 29 negotiated by delivery alone when by its If the document's 27 30 original terms it runs run to bearer, it is negotiated by 27 31 27 32 <u>delivery alone</u>. b. c. When a document running If the document's original 27 33 terms run to the order of a named person and it is delivered 27 34 to the named person, the effect is the same as if the document 27 35 had been negotiated. 3. d. Negotiation of a negotiable the document of title 28 2.8 2 after it has been endorsed indorsed to a specified named 28 3 person requires endorsement indorsement by the special -28 4 endorsee as well as named person and delivery. 28 5 4. e. A negotiable document of title is "duly negotiated" 6 when "duly negotiated" if it is negotiated in the manner -28 7 stated in this section <u>subsection</u> to a holder who <u>that</u> 28 8 purchases it in good faith, without notice of any defense 2.8 2.8 9 against or claim to it on the part of any person, and for 28 10 value, unless it is established that the negotiation is not in 28 11 the regular course of business or financing or involves 28 12 receiving the document in settlement or payment of a money 28 13 monetary obligation.
28 14 2. The following rules apply to a negotiable electronic 28 15 document of title: 28 16 a. If the document's original terms run to the order of a 17 named person or to bearer, the document is negotiated by 28 18 delivery of the document to another person. Indorsement by 28 19 the named person is not required to negotiate the document.

28 20 If the document's original terms run to the order of named person and the named person has control of the document, 28 22 the effect is the same as if the document had been negotiated.
28 23 c. A document is duly negotiated if it is negotiated in
28 24 the manner stated in this subsection to a holder that 28 25 purchases it in good faith, without notice of any defense 26 against or claim to it on the part of any person, and for 27 value, unless it is established that the negotiation is not 28 28 the regular course of business or financing or involves taking 29 delivery of the document in settlement or payment of a 28 30 monetary obligation. 5. 3. Endorsement Indorsement of a nonnegotiable document 28 31 28 32 of title neither makes it negotiable nor adds to the 28 33 transferee's rights. 28 34 The naming in a negotiable bill of lading of a 6. <u>4.</u> 28 35 person to be notified of the arrival of the goods does not limit the negotiability of the bill $\frac{1}{1}$ or constitute notice 29 2.9 to a purchaser thereof of the bill of any interest of such 3 <u>that</u> person in the goods. 29 4 Sec. 30. Section 554.7502, subsection 1, unnumbered 5 paragraph 1, Code 2007, is amended to read as follows: 29 29 Subject to the following section and to the provisions of 29 6 -29 section <u>sections</u> 554.7205 on fungible goods <u>and 554.7503</u>, a 29 8 holder to whom which a negotiable document of title has been 29 9 duly negotiated acquires thereby: 29 10 Sec. 31. Section 554.7502, subsection 1, paragraph d, Code 29 11 2007, is amended to read as follows:
29 12 d. the direct obligation of the issuer to hold or deliver 29 13 the goods according to the terms of the document free of any 29 14 defense or claim by the issuer except those arising under the 29 15 terms of the document or under this Article. In, but in the 29 16 case of a delivery order, the bailee's obligation accrues only 29 17 upon the bailee's acceptance of the delivery order and the 29 18 obligation acquired by the holder is that the issuer and any 29 19 endorser indorser will procure the acceptance of the bailee. 29 20 Sec. 32. Section 554.7502, subsection 2, Code 2007, is 29 21 amended to read as follows: 29 22 2. Subject to the following section 554.7503, title and 29 23 rights so acquired by due negotiation are not defeated by any 29 24 stoppage of the goods represented by the document of title or 29 25 by surrender of such the goods by the bailee, and are not 29 26 impaired even though if: the <u>due</u> negotiation or any prior <u>due</u> negotiation 29 27 <u>a.</u> 29 28 constituted a breach of duty or even though: 29 29 29 <u>b.</u> any person has been deprived of possession of the <u>a</u> <u>30 negotiable tangible</u> document <u>or control of a negotiable</u> 29 31 electronic document by misrepresentation, fraud, accident, 32 mistake, duress, loss, theft, or conversion; or even though 33 c. a previous sale or other transfer of the goods or 29 33 29 34 document has been made to a third person. 29 35 Sec. 33. Section 554.7503, Code 2007, is amended to read 30 as follows: 30 554.7503 DOCUMENT OF TITLE TO GOODS DEFEATED IN CERTAIN 3 CASES. 30 30 A document of title confers no right in goods against a 1. 5 person who that before issuance of the document had a legal 30 30 6 interest or a perfected security interest in them and who neither in the goods and that did not:

a. delivered deliver or entrusted them entrust the goods 30 30 8 30 9 or any document of title covering them the goods to the bailor 30 10 or the bailor's nominee with: 30 11 (1) actual or apparent authority to ship, store, or sell 30 12 or with; 30 13 (2) power to obtain delivery under this Article (section 30 554.7403) <u>section 554.7403;</u> or with 30 15 (3) power of disposition under this chapter (sections 30 16 <u>sections</u> 554.2403 and 554.9320), 554.9320, 554.9321, 30 17 <u>subsection</u> 3, 554.13304, <u>subsection</u> 2, or 554.13305, 30 subsection 3, 554.13304, subsection 2, or 554.13305, subsection 2, or other statute or rule of law; nor or 30 18 30 19 b. acquiesced acquiesce in the procurement by the bailor 30 20 or the bailor's its nominee of any document of title. 30 21 2. Title to goods based upon an unaccepted delivery order 30 22 is subject to the rights of anyone any person to whom which a 30 23 negotiable warehouse receipt or bill of lading covering the 30 24 goods has been duly negotiated. Such a That title may be 30 25 defeated under the next section 554.7504 to the same extent as 30 26 the rights of the issuer or a transferee from the issuer. 30 27 3. Title to goods based upon a bill of lading issued to a 30 28 freight forwarder is subject to the rights of anyone any 30 29 person to whom which a bill issued by the freight forwarder is 30 30 duly negotiated + but. However, delivery by the carrier in

30 31 accordance with Part 4 of this Article pursuant to its own 30 32 bill of lading discharges the carrier's obligation to deliver. 30 33 Sec. 34. 30 34 as follows: Section 554.7504, Code 2007, is amended to read Sec. 34. 30 35 554.7504 RIGHTS ACQUIRED IN THE ABSENCE OF DUE NEGOTIATION == EFFECT OF DIVERSION == SELLER'S STOPPAGE OF DELIVERY. 31 1. A transferee of a document of title, whether negotiable 31 3 or nonnegotiable, to whom which the document has been 31 4 delivered but not duly negotiated, acquires the title and 31 5 rights which the transferee's that its transferor had or had 31 31 6 actual authority to convey. 31 In the case of a transfer of a nonnegotiable document 8 of title, until but not after the bailee receives notification 31 31 9 notice of the transfer, the rights of the transferee may be 31 10 defeated : 31 11 a. by those creditors of the transferor who could treat 31 12 the sale transfer as void under section 554.2402 or 554.13308; 31 13 or 31 14 b. by a buyer from the transferor in ordinary course of 31 15 business if the bailee has delivered the goods to the buyer or 31 16 received notification of the buyer's rights; or c. by a lessee from the transferor in ordinary course of 31 17 18 business if the bailee has delivered the goods to the lessee 31 19 or received notification of the lessee's rights; or 31 20 d. as against the bailee, by good faith good=faith 31 21 dealings of the bailee with the transferor. 31 22 3. A diversion or other change of shipping instructions by 31 23 the consignor in a nonnegotiable bill of lading which causes 31 24 the bailee not to deliver the goods to the consignee defeats 31 25 the consignee's title to the goods if they the goods have been 31 26 delivered to a buyer in ordinary course of business or a 31 27 lessee in ordinary course of business and, in any event. 31 28 defeats the consignee's rights against the bailee. 31 29 4. Delivery of the goods pursuant to a nonnegotiable 30 document of title may be stopped by a seller under section 31 554.2705, and or a lessor under section 554.13526, subject to 31 31 31 32 the requirement requirements of due notification there A bailee honoring that honors the provided in those sections. 31 34 seller's or lessor's instructions is entitled to be 31 35 indemnified by the seller or lessor against any resulting loss 32 or expense. 32 Sec. 35. Section 554.7505, Code 2007, is amended to read 32 3 as follows: 32 554.7505 ENDORSER INDORSER NOT A GUARANTOR FOR OTHER 32 5 PARTIES. The endorsement indorsement of a tangible document of title 32 32 issued by a bailee does not make the endorser indorser liable 32 for any default by the bailee or by previous endorsers 8 32 <u>indorsers</u>. 32 10 Sec. 36. Section 554.7506, Code 2007, is amended to read 32 11 as follows: 32 12 554.7506 DELIVERY WITHOUT ENDORSEMENT | INDORSEMENT | == RIGHT 32 13 TO COMPEL ENDORSEMENT INDORSEMENT. 32 14 The transferee of a negotiable tangible document of title 32 15 has a specifically enforceable right to have the transferee's 32 16 its transferor supply any necessary endorsement indorsement 32 17 but the transfer becomes a negotiation only as of the time the 32 18 endorsement indorsement is supplied. 32 19 Section 554.7507, Code 2007, is amended to read Sec. 37. 32 20 as follows: 32 21 554.7507 WARRANTIES ON NEGOTIATION OR TRANSFER DELIVERY OF 32 22 RECEIPT OR BILL DOCUMENT OF TITLE. Where If a person negotiates or transfers delivers a 32 23 32 24 document of title for value otherwise than as a mere 32 25 intermediary under the next following section <u>554.7508</u>, then 32 26 unless otherwise agreed that person, the transferor, in addition to any warranty made in selling or leasing the goods, 32 28 warrants to that person's its immediate purchaser only in 32 29 addition to any warranty made in selling the goods that: 32 a. 1. that the document is genuine; and
b. 2. that that person has no the transferor does not 32 30 32 31 have knowledge of any fact which that would impair its the 32 33 32 34 33 document's validity or worth; and that that person's the negotiation or transfer 32 35 <u>delivery</u> is rightful and fully effective with respect to the 33 1 title to the document and the goods it represents. 33 33 Sec. 38. Section 554.7508, Code 2007, is amended to read 33 3 as follows: 33 554.7508 WARRANTIES OF COLLECTING BANK AS TO DOCUMENTS OF

A collecting bank or other intermediary known to be

33 entrusted with documents of title on behalf of another or with 8 collection of a draft or other claim against delivery of 33 9 documents warrants by such the delivery of the documents only 33 33 10 its own good faith and authority. This rule applies even 33 11 though if the collecting bank or other intermediary has 33 12 purchased or made advances against the claim or draft to be 33 13 collected. 33 14 Section 554.7509, Code 2007, is amended to read Sec. 39. 33 15 as follows: 33 16 554.7509 RECEIPT OR BILL: WHEN ADEQUATE COMPLIANCE WITH 33 17 COMMERCIAL CONTRACT. 33 18 The question whether Whether a document of title is 33 19 adequate to fulfill the obligations of a contract for sale, a 33 20 contract for lease, or the conditions of a <u>letter of</u> credit is 33 21 governed <u>determined</u> by the Articles on Sales (Article 2) and 33 22 on Letters of Credit (Article 5) Article 2, 5, or 13. 33 23 Sec. 40. Section 554.7601, Code 2007, is amended to read 33 24 as follows: 554.7601 33 25 LOST AND MISSING, STOLEN, OR DESTROYED DOCUMENTS 33 26 <u>OF TITLE</u>. 33 27 1. If a document has been of title is lost, stolen, or 33 28 destroyed, a court may order delivery of the goods or issuance 33 29 of a substitute document and the bailee may without liability 33 30 to any person comply with such the order. If the document was 33 31 negotiable, a court may not order delivery of the goods or 32 issuance of a substitute document without the claimant must 33 33 post claimant's posting security approved by the court to 33 34 indemnify unless it finds that any person who that may suffer 33 35 loss as a result of nonsurrender of possession or control of 1 the document is adequately protected against the loss. If the 34 2 document was not negotiable, such security the court may be 3 required at the discretion of the court require security. 34 -3434 4 court may also in its discretion order payment of the bailee's 34 5 reasonable costs and counsel attorney's fees in any action <u>34</u> 34 <u>6 under this subsection</u>. 2. A bailee who that, without \underline{a} court order, delivers 34 8 goods to a person claiming under a missing negotiable document 34 9 of title is liable to any person injured thereby, and if. If 34 10 the delivery is not in good faith becomes, the bailee is 34 11 liable for conversion. Delivery in good faith is not 34 12 conversion if made in accordance with a filed classification -34 13 or tariff or, where no classification or tariff is filed, if 34 14 the claimant posts security with the bailee in an amount at 34 15 least double the value of the goods at the time of posting to 34 16 indemnify any person injured by the delivery who which files a 34 17 notice of claim within one year after the delivery. 34 18 3. If a warehouse receipt has been lost or destroyed, the $\frac{34}{19}$ warehouse operator shall issue a duplicate upon receipt of: 34 20 a. An affidavit that the warehouse receipt has been lost 34 21 or destroyed. 34 22 b. A bond in an amount at least double the value of the -3423 goods at the time of posting the bond, to indemnify any person -34 24 injured by issuance of the duplicate warehouse receipt who 34 25 files a notice of claim within one year after delivery of the 34 26 goods. 34 27 A duplicate warehouse receipt shall be plainly marked to 34 28 indicate that it is a duplicate. A receipt plainly marked as 34 29 a duplicate is a representation and warranty by the warehouse 34 30 operator that the duplicate receipt is an accurate copy of an 34 31 original receipt properly issued and uncanceled at the date of 34 32 the issue of the duplicate, but shall impose upon the 33 warehouse operator no other liability. 34 34 A warehouse operator who in good faith delivers goods to 34 35 the holder of a duplicate receipt issued in accordance with -35 1 this subsection is liable to any person injured by the -35 2 delivery, but only to the extent of the security posted in 3 accordance with paragraph "b" of this subsection. 35 35 4 4. If a warehouse receipt has been lost or destroyed, the 35 <u>5 depositor may either remove the goods from the warehouse or</u> -356 sell the goods to the warehouse operator after executing a 35 7 lost warehouse receipt release on a form prescribed by the 8 department of agriculture and land stewardship. The form
9 shall include an affidavit stating that the warehouse receipt -3535 10 has been lost or destroyed, and the depositor's undertaking to -35 11 indemnify the warehouse operator for any loss incurred as a -35 12 result of the loss or destruction of the warehouse receipt. 35 13 The form shall be filed with the department of agriculture and 14 land stewardship. 35 15 5. If a warehouse receipt has been lost or destroyed by a 35 16 warehouse operator after delivery of the goods or purchase of 35 17 the goods by the warehouse operator, the warehouse operator

35 18 shall execute and file with the department of agriculture and -35 19 land stewardship a notarized affidavit stating that the -35 20 warehouse receipt has been lost or destroyed by the warehouse 35 21 operator after delivery or purchase of the goods by the 35 22 warehouse operator. The form of the affidavit shall be 35 23 prescribed by the department of agriculture and land 35 24 stewardship.

NEW SECTION. 35 25 554.7601A LOST, STOLEN, OR Sec. 41. 35 26 DESTROYED DOCUMENTS == ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

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- 35 27 1. a. If a warehouse receipt has been lost, stolen, or 35 28 destroyed, the warehouse shall issue a duplicate upon receipt 35 29 of:
- (1) an affidavit that the warehouse receipt has been lost, 35 31 stolen, or destroyed. 35 32 (2) a bond in an
- (2) a bond in an amount at least double the value of the 35 33 goods at the time of posting the bond, to indemnify any person 35 34 injured by issuance of the duplicate warehouse receipt who 35 35 files a notice of claim within one year after delivery of the 1 goods.
 - A duplicate warehouse receipt shall be plainly marked b. 3 to indicate that it is a duplicate. A receipt plainly marked 4 as a duplicate is a representation and warranty by the 5 warehouse that the duplicate receipt is an accurate copy of an 6 original receipt properly issued and uncanceled at the date of 7 the issue of the duplicate, but shall not impose upon the 8 warehouse other liability.
- c. A warehouse which in good faith delivers goods to the 36 10 holder of a duplicate receipt issued in accordance with this 36 11 subsection is liable to any person injured by the delivery, 36 12 but only to the extent of the security posted in accordance 36 13 with paragraph "b" of this subsection.
 36 14 2. If a warehouse receipt has been lost, stolen, or
- 36 15 destroyed, the depositor may either remove the goods from the 36 16 warehouse facility or sell the goods to the warehouse after 36 17 executing a lost warehouse receipt release on a form 36 18 prescribed by the department of agriculture and land 36 19 stewardship. The form shall include an affidavit stating that 36 20 the warehouse receipt has been lost or destroyed, and the 36 21 depositor's undertaking to indemnify the warehouse for any 36 22 loss incurred as a result of the loss or destruction of the 36 23 warehouse receipt. The form shall be filed with the 36 24 department of agriculture and land stewardship.
- 36 25 3. If a warehouse receipt has been lost or destroyed by a 36 26 warehouse after delivery of the goods or purchase of the goods 36 27 by the warehouse, the warehouse shall execute and file with 36 28 the department of agriculture and land stewardship a notarized 36 29 affidavit stating that the warehouse receipt has been lost or 36 30 destroyed by the warehouse after delivery or purchase of the 36 31 goods by the warehouse. The form of the affidavit shall be 36 32 prescribed by the department of agriculture and land

36 33 stewardship. 36 34 Sec. 42. Section 554.7602, Code 2007, is amended to read 36 35 as follows:

1 554.7602 ATTACHMENT OF JUDICIAL PROCESS AGAINST GOODS 2 COVERED BY $\frac{1}{2}$ NEGOTIABLE DOCUMENT OF TITLE.

Except where the <u>Unless a document of title</u> was originally 4 issued upon delivery of the goods by a person who had no that 5 did not have power to dispose of them, no a lien attaches does 6 not attach by virtue of any judicial process to goods in the 7 possession of a bailee for which a negotiable document of 8 title is outstanding unless <u>possession or control of</u> the 9 document be <u>is</u> first surrendered to the bailee or <u>its</u> the 37 10 document's negotiation is enjoined, and the same and the same and the same and the same are same and the same and the same are same and the same are s 10 document's negotiation is enjoined, and the. The bailee shall 37 12 until possession or control of the document is surrendered to 37 13 the bailee or impounded by to the court. One who purchases A 37 14 purchaser of the document for value without notice of the 37 15 process or injunction takes from of the lien imposed by 15 process or injunction takes free of the lien imposed by 37 16 judicial process. 37 17

Sec. 43. Section 554.7603, Code 2007, is amended to read 37 18 as follows: 37 19 554.7603

554.7603 CONFLICTING CLAIMS == INTERPLEADER.

37 20 If more than one person claims title to or possession of 37 21 the goods, the bailee is excused from delivery until the 37 22 bailee has had a reasonable time to ascertain the validity of 37 23 the adverse claims or to bring commence an action to compel 37 24 all claimants to interplead and may compel such interpleader, 37 25 for interpleader. The bailee may assert an interpleader 37 26 either in defending an action for nondelivery of the goods, or 37 27 by original action, whichever is appropriate.

Sec. 44. Section 554.10104, Code 2007, is repealed.

Sec. 45. APPLICABILITY. This Act applies to a document of 37 29 37 30 title that is issued or a bailment that arises on or after the 37 31 effective date of this Act. This Act does not apply to a 37 32 document of title that is issued or a bailment that arises 37 33 before the effective date of this Act even if the document of 37 34 title or bailment would be subject to this Act if the document 37 35 of title had been issued or bailment had arisen on or after 1 the effective date of this Act. This Act does not apply to a 38 2 right of action that has accrued before the effective date of 38 38 3 this Act. 4 Sec. 46. SAVINGS CLAUSE. A document of title issued or a 5 bailment that arises before the effective date of this Act and 38 38 6 the rights, obligations, and interests flowing from that 38 document or bailment are governed by any statute or other rule 38 8 amended or repealed by this Act as if amendment or repeal had 38 38 9 not occurred and may be terminated, completed, consummated, or 38 10 enforced under that statute or other rule. 38 11 DIVISION II 38 12 COORDINATING AMENDMENTS 38 13 PART A 38 14 ARTICLE 1 38 15 Sec. 47. Section 554.1201, subsections 5, 6, 10, 14, 15, 38 16 20, 25, 26, 27, 38, and 45, Code 2007, are amended to read as 38 17 follows: 38 18 5. "Bearer" means $\frac{1}{2}$ person $\frac{1}{2}$ person $\frac{1}{2}$ control of a negotiable 19 electronic document of title or a person in possession of an 38 20 instrument, a negotiable tangible document of title, or a 38 21 certificated security payable to bearer or endorsed in blank. 6. "Bill of lading" means a document of title evidencing 38 22 38 23 the receipt of goods for shipment issued by a person engaged 38 24 in the business of directly or indirectly transporting or 38 25 forwarding goods, and includes an airbill. "Airbill" means a -38 26 document serving for air transportation as a bill of lading 38 27 does for marine or rail transportation, and includes an air 38 28 consignment note or air waybill. The term does not include a 38 29 warehouse receipt. 10. "Conspicuous": A, with reference to a term or clause 38 30 -38 31 is conspicuous when it is, means so written, displayed, or 38 32 presented that a reasonable person against whom which it is to 38 34 "conspicuous" or not is a decision for the court.

38 35 terms include the following:

39 1 a. A printed a booding: 38 33 operate ought to have noticed it. Whether a term is Conspicuous a. A printed a heading in capitals (as: "Nonnegotiable 39 2 B 39 3 t 39 4 c 39 5 2 Bill of Lading") is conspicuous equal to or greater in size 3 than the surrounding text, or in contrasting type, font, or 4 color to the surrounding text of the same or lesser size; and <u>b.</u> Language <u>language</u> in the body of a form is 6 "conspicuous" if it is record or display in larger or other -39 -39 7 contrasting type than the surrounding text, or in contrasting 39 8 type, font, or color to the surrounding text of the same size, 39 9 or set off from surrounding text of the same size by symbols 39 10 or other marks that call attention to the language. But in a 39 11 telegram any stated term is "conspicuous". Whether a term or 39 12 clause is "conspicuous" or not is for decision by the court. 39 13 14. "Delivery" with respect to an electronic document of 39 14 title means voluntary transfer of control and with respect to 39 15 instruments, tangible documents of title, chattel paper, or 39 16 certificated securities means voluntary transfer of 39 17 possession. 39 18 15. "Document of title" includes bill of lading, dock 39 19 warrant, dock receipt, warehouse receipt or order for the 39 20 delivery of goods, and also any other document which means a 39 21 record that 39 22 a. in the regular course of business or financing is 39 23 treated as adequately evidencing that the person in possession 39 24 or control of it the record is entitled to receive, control, 39 25 hold, and dispose of the document record and the goods it the 39 26 record covers and 39 27 b. that purports to be issued by or addressed to a bailee <u>39</u> 28 and to cover goods in the bailee's possession which are either 39 29 identified or are fungible portions of an identified mass.

39 30 The term includes a bill of lading, transport document, dock 39 31 warrant, dock receipt, warehouse receipt, and order for 39 32 delivery of goods. 39 To be a An electronic document of title means a document title evidenced by a record consisting of information stored 39 35 in an electronic medium. A tangible document of title means a 40 1 document must purport to be issued by or addressed to of title 2 evidenced by a bailee and purport to cover goods in the 40 3 bailee's possession which are either identified or are

<u>4 fungible portions of an identified mass record consisting of </u>

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information that is inscribed on a tangible medium.
                  "Holder", with respect to a negotiable instrument,
           20.
 40 7 means<u>:</u>
40 8 <u>a.</u>
           <u>a.</u>
               the person in possession if the of a negotiable
 40 9 instrument that is payable either to bearer or, in the case of
40 10 an instrument payable to an identified person, if the
    11 identified that is the person is in possession:
12 b. "Holder" with respect to the person in possession of a
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 40 12
 40 13 <u>negotiable tangible</u> document of title <del>means the person in</del>
-40 14 possession if the goods are deliverable either to bearer or to
 40 15 the order of the person in possession; or
          c. the person in control of a negotiable electronic
 40 16
40 17
        <u>document of title</u>.
 40\ 18 25. A Subject to subsection 27, a person has "notice" of a 40 19 fact when if the person
           a. the person has actual knowledge of it; or
 40 20
 40 21
           b. the person has received a notice or notification of it;
 40 22 or
 40 23
           c. from all the facts and circumstances known to the
 40 24 person at the time in question, the person has reason to know
 40 25 that it exists.
           PARAGRAPH DIVIDED. A person "knows" or has "knowledge" of
 40 26
 40 27 a fact when that the person has actual knowledge of it.
40 28 "Discover" or "learn" or a word or phrase of similar import
40 29 refers to knowledge rather than to reason to know. The tim
 40 30 and circumstances under which a notice or notification may
 40 31 cease to be effective are not determined by this chapter.
 40 32
           26. A person "notifies" or "gives" a notice or
 40 33 notification to another person by taking such steps as may be
 40 34 reasonably required to inform the other person in ordinary
 40 35 course, whether or not such the other person actually comes to 41 1 know of it. A Subject to subsection 27, a person "receives" a
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     2 notice or notification when
           a. it comes to that person's attention; orb. it is duly delivered in a form reasonable under the
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     5 circumstances at the place of business through which the
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     6 contract was made or at any other place another location held
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        out by that person as the place for receipt of such
 41
     8 communications.
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           27. Notice, knowledge, or a notice or notification
 41 10 received by an organization is effective for a particular
 41 11 transaction from the time when it is brought to the attention
 41 12 of the individual conducting that transaction, and in any
 41 13 event, from the time when it would have been brought to \frac{1}{1} the individual's attention if the organization had exercised
 41 15 due diligence. An organization exercises due diligence if it
 41 16 maintains reasonable routines for communicating significant
        information to the person conducting the transaction and there
    17
 41 18 is reasonable compliance with the routines. Due diligence
 41 19 does not require an individual acting for the organization to
 41 20 communicate information unless such communication is part of
 41 21 that the individual's regular duties or unless the individual
 41 22 has reason to know of the transaction and that the transaction
 41 23 would be materially affected by the information.
 41 24
                "Send" in connection with any writing, record, or
           38.
 41 25 notice means:
 41 26
           a. to deposit in the mail or deliver for transmission by
 41 27 any other usual means of communication with postage or cost of 41 28 transmission provided for and properly addressed and in the
 41 29 case of an instrument, to an address specified thereon or
 41 30 otherwise agreed, or if there be none to any address 41 31 reasonable under the circumstances: or
 41 32
          b. The receipt of in any writing other way to cause to be
 41
        received any record or notice within the time at which it
41
    34 would have arrived if properly sent has the effect of a proper
    35 sending.
1 45. "Warehouse receipt" means a receipt document of title
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 42
 42
      2 issued by a person engaged in the business of storing goods
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     3 for hire.
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                                        PART B
 42
                                       ARTICLE 2
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     6
           Sec. 48. Section 554.2103, subsection 3, Code 2007, is
        amended to read as follows:
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           3. The "Control" as provided in section 554.7106 and the
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        following definitions in other Articles apply to this Article:
 42 10
            "Check"
                                                      Section 554.3104
 42 11
           "Consignee"
                                                      Section 554.7102
                                                      Section 554.7102
 42 12
           "Consignor"
 42 13
            "Consumer goods"
                                                      Section 554.9102
 42 14
           "Dishonor"
                                                      Section 554.3502
 42 15
           "Draft"
                                                      Section 554.3104
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42 16 Sec. 49. Section 554.2104, subsection 2, Code 2007, is 42 17 amended to read as follows:

"Financing agency" means a bank, finance company or 2. 42 18 other person who in the ordinary course of business makes 42 20 advances against goods or documents of title or who by 42 21 arrangement with either the seller or the buyer intervenes in 42 22 ordinary course to make or collect payment due or claimed 42 23 under the contract for sale, as by purchasing or paying the 42 24 seller's draft or making advances against it or by merely 42 25 taking it for collection whether or not documents of title 42 26 accompany or are associated with the draft. agency" includes also a bank or other person who similarly 42 27 42 28 intervenes between persons who are in the position of seller 42 29 and buyer in respect to the goods (section 554.2707). 42 30

Section 554.2310, Code 2007, is amended to read Sec. 50. as follows:

554.2310 OPEN TIME FOR PAYMENT OR RUNNING OF CREDIT == AUTHORITY TO SHIP UNDER RESERVATION. 42 33

Unless otherwise agreed

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a. payment is due at the time and place at which the buyer is to receive the goods even though the place of shipment is the place of delivery; and

b. if the seller is authorized to send the goods the seller may ship them under reservation, and may tender the documents of title, but the buyer may inspect the goods after their arrival before payment is due unless such inspection is inconsistent with the terms of the contract (section 554.2513); and

if delivery is authorized and made by way of documents 43 10 of title otherwise than by subsection "b" then payment is due regardless of where the goods are to be received (i) at the time and place at which the buyer is to receive delivery of 43 13 the tangible documents regardless of where the goods are or (ii) at the time the buyer is to be received receive delivery of the electronic documents and at the seller's place of 43 16 business or if none, the seller's residence; and

43 17 d. where the seller is required or authorized to ship the 43 18 goods on credit the credit period runs from the time of 43 19 shipment but postdating post=dating the invoice or delaying 43 20 its dispatch will correspondingly delay the starting of the 43 21 credit period.

Sec. 51. Section 554.2323, subsection 2, unnumbered 43 23 paragraph 1, Code 2007, is amended to read as follows:

Where in a case within subsection 1 a tangible bill of 43 25 lading has been issued in a set of parts, unless otherwise 43 26 agreed if the documents are not to be sent from abroad the 43 27 buyer may demand tender of the full set; otherwise only one 43 28 part of the bill of lading need be tendered. Even if the 43 29 agreement expressly requires a full set

Sec. 52. Section 554.2401, subsection 3, paragraphs a and 43 31 b, Code 2007, are amended to read as follows:

a. if the seller is to deliver a tangible document of 43 33 title, title passes at the time when and the place where the 43 34 seller delivers such documents and if the seller is to deliver an electronic document of title, title passes when the seller delivers the document; or

if the goods are at the time of contracting already identified and no documents of title are to be delivered, title passes at the time and place of contracting.

Sec. 53. Section 554.2503, subsection 4, paragraph b, Code 2007, is amended to read as follows:

6 tender to the buyer of a nonnegotiable document of title or of a written direction to record directing the bailee 9 to deliver is sufficient tender unless the buyer seasonably 44 10 objects, and <u>except as otherwise provided in Article 9</u> receipt 44 11 by the bailee of notification of the buyer's rights fixes 44 12 those rights as against the bailee and all third persons; but 44 13 risk of loss of the goods and of any failure by the bailee to 44 14 honor the nonnegotiable document of title or to obey the 44 15 direction remains on the seller until the buyer has had a 44 16 reasonable time to present the document or direction, and a 44 17 refusal by the bailee to honor the document or to obey the

44 18 direction defeats the tender. 44 19 Sec. 54. Section 554.2503, subsection 5, paragraph b, Code

44 20 2007, is amended to read as follows: 44 21 b. tender through customary banking channels is sufficient 44 22 and dishonor of a draft accompanying or associated with the 44 23 documents constitutes nonacceptance or rejection.
44 24 Sec. 55. Section 554.2505, subsection 1, paragraph b, Code

2007, is amended to read as follows: 44 25

b. a nonnegotiable bill of lading to the seller or the

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44 27 seller's nominee reserves possession of the goods as security
44 28 but except in a case of conditional delivery (subsection 2 of
44 29 section 554.2507) a nonnegotiable bill of lading naming the
44 30 buyer as consignee reserves no security interest even though 44 31 the seller retains possession or control of the bill of
44 32 lading.
44\ 33 Sec. 56. Section 554.2505, subsection 2, Code 2007, is 44\ 34 amended to read as follows:
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         2. When shipment by the seller with reservation of a
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    1 security interest is in violation of the contract for sale it
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      constitutes an improper contract for transportation within the
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    3 preceding section but impairs neither the rights given to the
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    4 buyer by shipment and identification of the goods to the
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      contract nor the seller's powers as a holder of a negotiable
    6 document of title
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         Sec. 5\overline{7}. Section 554.2506, subsection 2, Code 2007, is
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    8
      amended to read as follows:
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          2. The right to reimbursement of a financing agency which
45 10 has in good faith honored or purchased the draft under
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      commitment to or authority from the buyer is not impaired by
45 12
      subsequent discovery of defects with reference to any relevant
45 13 document which was apparently regular on its face.
45 14
         Sec. 58. Section 554.2509, subsection 2, paragraphs a and
45 15 c, Code 2007, are amended to read as follows:
45 16
         a. on the buyer's receipt of possession or control of a
45 17 negotiable document of title covering the goods; or
45 18
         c. after the buyer's receipt of possession or control of a
45 19 nonnegotiable document of title or other written direction to
45 20 deliver in a record, as provided in subsection 4 "b" of
45 21 section 554.2503, subsection 4, paragraph "b".
45 22 Sec. 59. Section 554.2605, subsection 2, Code 2007, is 45 23 amended to read as follows:
45 24
         2. Payment against documents made without reservation of
45 25 rights precludes recovery of the payment for defects apparent
45 26 on the face of in the documents.
         Sec. 60. Section 554.2705, subsection 2, paragraph c, Code
45 27
45 28 2007, is amended to read as follows:
45 29
         c. such acknowledgment to the buyer by a carrier by
45 30 reshipment or as <u>a</u> warehouse <del>operator</del>; or
         Sec. 61. Section 554.2705, subsection 3, paragraph c, Code
45 31
45 32 2007, is amended to read as follows:
45 33
         c.
              If a negotiable document of title has been issued for
45 34 goods the bailee is not obliged to obey a notification to stop
45 35 until surrender of possession or control of the document.
46
                                    PART C
                                    ARTICLE 4
46
         Sec. 62. Section 554.4104, subsection 3, Code 2007, is
46
46
    4 amended to read as follows:
         3. The "Control" as provided in section 554.7106 and the
46
   5
46
   6
      following definitions in other Articles apply to this Article:
                                                   Section 554.3409
46
          "Acceptance'
                                                   Section 554.3407
46
   8
          "Alteration"
46
   9
         "Cashier's check"
                                                   Section 554.3104
46 10
         "Certificate of deposit"
                                                  Section 554.3104
46 11
         "Certified check"
                                                   Section 554.3409
46 12
         "Check"
                                                   Section 554.3104
46 13
         "Good faith"
                                                   Section 554.3103
46 14
         "Holder in due course"
                                                   Section 554.3302
46 15
         "Instrument"
                                                  Section 554.3104
46 16
         "Notice of dishonor"
                                                  Section 554.3503
46 17
          "Order"
                                                   Section 554.3103
46 18
          "Ordinary care"
                                                   Section 554.3103
46 19
         "Person entitled
46 20 to enforce"
46 21 "Present
                                                   Section 554.3301
                                                   Section 554.3501
          "Presentment"
46 22
         "Promise"
                                                   Section 554.3103
46 23
         "Prove"
                                                   Section 554.3103
46 24
46 25
          "Teller's check"
                                                   Section 554.3104
          "Unauthorized signature"
                                                  Section 554.3403
         Sec. 63. Section 554.4210, subsection 3, unnumbered
46 26
46 27 paragraph 1, Code 2007, is amended to read as follows:
         Receipt by a collecting bank of a final settlement for an
46 28
46 29 item is a realization on its security interest in the item,
46 30 accompanying documents, and proceeds. So long as the band 46 31 does not receive final settlement for the item or give up
                                                So long as the bank
46 32 possession of the item or possession or control of the
46 33 accompanying documents for purposes other than collection, the
46 34 security interest continues to that extent and is subject to
46 35 Article 9, but:
47
                                     PART D
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ARTICLE 8

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Sec. 64. Section 554.8103, Code 2007, is amended by adding
 47 4 the following new subsection:
          NEW SUBSECTION. 7. A document of title is not a financial
47 5
    6 asset unless section 554.8102, subsection 1, paragraph "i", 7 subparagraph (3) applies.
 47
 47
        subparagraph (3) applies.
47
                                          PART E
47
                                         ARTICLE 9
47 10
           Sec. 65. Section 554.9102, subsection 2, Code 2007, is
47 11 amended to read as follows:
47 12
           2. DEFINITIONS IN OTHER ARTICLES. The "Control" as
47
    13 provided in section 554.7106 and the following definitions in
47 14 other Articles apply to this Article:
47 15
           "Applicant"
                                                         Section 554.5102
47 16
           "Beneficiary"
                                                         Section 554.5102
47 17
           "Broker'
                                                         Section 554.8102
47 18
           "Certificated security"
                                                        Section 554.8102
          "Check"
47 19
47 20
                                                        Section 554.3104
          "Clearing corporation"
                                                        Section 554.8102
47 21
           "Contract for sale"
                                                        Section 554.2106
47 22
47 23
           "Customer"
                                                        Section 554.4104
          "Entitlement holder"
                                                        Section 554.8102
47 24
                                                        Section 554.8102
           "Financial asset"
47 25
           "Holder in due course"
                                                       Section 554.3302
47 26 "Issuer" (with respect 47 27 to a letter of credit or
47 28 letter=of=credit right)
                                                       Section 554.5102
47 29 "Issuer" (w
47 30 to a security)
         "Issuer" (with respect
                                                        Section 554.8201
47 31 <u>"Issuer" (with respect</u>
47 32 to documents of title)
                                                       Section 554.7102
47
    33
           "Lease"
                                                         Section 554.13103
         "Lease agreement"
                                                        Section 554.13103
47 34
         "Lease contract"
"Leasehold interest"
47 35
                                                        Section 554.13103
48 1
48 2
                                                         Section 554.13103
         "Lessee in ordinary
                                                        Section 554.13103
48 3
48 4 course of business"
48 5 "Lessor"
                                                        Section 554.13103
         "Lessor"
"Lessor's residual
                                                        Section 554.13103
48 6
48 7 interest"
                                                        Section 554.13103
48 8 "Letter of credit"
48 9 "Merchant"
                                                        Section 554.5102
           "Merchant"
                                                        Section 554.2104
       "Negotiable instrument"
"Nominated person"
48 10
                                                      Section 554.3104
48 11
                                                        Section 554.5102
48 12
          "Note"
                                                        Section 554.3104
          "Proceeds of a letter
48 13
48 14 of credit"
                                                        Section 554.5114
48 15
           "Prove"
                                                        Section 554.3103
           "Sale"
48 16
                                                        Section 554.2106
          "Securities account" Section 554.2106
"Securities intermediary" Section 554.8102
"Security" Security Certificate" Section 554.8102
"Security entitlement" Section 554.8102
"Uncertificated security" Sec. 66. Section 554.8102
48 17
48 18
48 19
48 20
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48 22
           Sec. 66. Section 554.9203, subsection 2, paragraph c,
48 23
48 24 subparagraph (4), Code 2007, is amended to read as follows:
48 25 (4) the collateral is deposit accounts, electronic chattel 48 26 paper, investment property, or letter=of=credit rights, or
48 27 electronic documents, and the secured party has control under 48 28 section 554.7106, 554.9104, 554.9105, 554.9106, or 554.9107
48 29 pursuant to the debtor's security agreement.
48 30 Sec. 67. Section 554.9207, subsection 3, unnumbered
48 31 paragraph 1, Code 2007, is amended to read as follows:
48 32 Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a secured 48 33 party having possession of collateral or control of collateral
48 34 under section <u>554.7106</u>, 554.9104, 554.9105, 554.9106, or
48 35 554.9107:
                       Section 554.9208, subsection 2, paragraphs d and
49
           Sec. 68.
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    2 e, Code 2007, are amended to read as follows:
           d. a secured party having control of investment property
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    4 under section 554.8106, subsection 4, paragraph "b", or 5 section 554.9106, subsection 2, shall send to the securities
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49
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    6 intermediary or commodity intermediary with which the security
49
    7 entitlement or commodity contract is maintained an 8 authenticated record that releases the securities intermediary
49
49
    9 or commodity intermediary from any further obligation to
49 10 comply with entitlement orders or directions originated by the
49 11 secured party; and
49 12 e. a secured party having control of a letter=of=credit
49 13 right under section 554.9107 shall send to each person having
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47 3

49 14 an unfulfilled obligation to pay or deliver proceeds of the 49 15 letter of credit to the secured party an authenticated release 49 16 from any further obligation to pay or deliver proceeds of the letter of credit to the secured party-; and 49 17 49 18 f. a secured party having control of an electronic 49 19 <u>document shall:</u> (1) give control of the its designated custodian; give control of the electronic document to the debtor 49 20 49 49 22 (2) if the debtor designates a custodian that is the 49 23 designated custodian with which the authoritative copy of the

49 24 electronic document is maintained for the secured party, 49 25 communicate to the custodian an authenticated record releasing 49 26 the designated custodian from any further obligation to comply 49 27 with instructions originated by the secured party and 49 28 instructing the custodian to comply with instructions 49 29 originated by the debtor; and

49 30 (3) take appropriate action to enable the debtor or its designated custodian to make copies of or revisions to the 49 49 32 authoritative copy which add or change an identified assignee 49 33 of the authoritative copy without the consent of the secured 49 34 party.

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Sec. 69. Section 554.9301, subsection 3, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2007, is amended to read as follows: Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, while tangible negotiable documents, goods, instruments, money, or tangible chattel paper is located in a jurisdiction, the local 5 law of that jurisdiction governs:

Sec. 70. Section 554.9310, subsection 2, paragraphs e and h, Code 2007, are amended to read as follows:

e. in certificated securities, documents, goods, or 50 9 instruments which is perfected without filing, control, or 50 10 possession under section 554.9312, subsection 5, 6, or 7;

50 11 h. in deposit accounts, electronic chattel paper, electronic documents, investment property, or letter=of=credit 50 12 50 13 rights which is perfected by control under section 554.9314; Sec. 71. Section 554.9312, subsection 5, Code 2007, is 50 14 50 15 amended to read as follows:

TEMPORARY PERFECTION == NEW VALUE. A security interest 5. in certificated securities, negotiable documents, or 50 18 instruments is perfected without filing or the taking of 50 19 possession or control for a period of twenty days from the 50 20 time it attaches to the extent that it arises for new value 50 21 given under an authenticated security agreement.

Sec. 72. Section 554.9313, subsection 1, Code 2007, is amended to read as follows:

50 22 50 23 1. PERFECTION BY POSSESSION OR DELIVERY. Except as 50 25 otherwise provided in subsection 2, a secured party may 50 26 perfect a security interest in <u>tangible</u> negotiable documents, 50 27 goods, instruments, money, or tangible chattel paper by taking 50 28 possession of the collateral. A secured party may perfect a 50 29 security interest in certificated securities by taking 50 30 delivery of the certificated securities under section 50 31 554.8301.

Sec. 73. Section 554.9314, subsections 1 and 2, Code 2007, 50 33 are amended to read as follows:

1. PERFECTION BY CONTROL. A security interest in 50 35 investment property, deposit accounts, letter=of=credit 1 rights, or electronic chattel paper, or electronic documents 2 may be perfected by control of the collateral under section 3 554.7106, 554.9104, 554.9105, 554.9106, or 554.9107.

2. SPECIFIED COLLATERAL == TIME OF PERFECTION BY CONTROL == CONTINUATION OF PERFECTION. A security interest in deposit accounts, electronic chattel paper, or letter=of=credit rights, or electronic documents is perfected by control under section 554.7106, 554.9104, 554.9105, or 554.9107 when the secured party obtains control and remains perfected by control 51 10 only while the secured party retains control.

Sec. 74. Section 554.9317, subsections 2 and 4, Code 2007, 51 12 are amended to read as follows:

BUYERS THAT RECEIVE DELIVERY. Except as otherwise 51 14 provided in subsection 5, a buyer, other than a secured party, 51 15 of tangible chattel paper, <u>tangible</u> documents, goods, 51 16 instruments, or a security certificate takes free of a 51 17 security interest or agricultural lien if the buyer gives 51 18 value and receives delivery of the collateral without 51 19 knowledge of the security interest or agricultural lien and 51 20 before it is perfected.

51 21 4. LICENSEES AND BUYERS OF CERTAIN COLLATERAL. A licensee 51 22 of a general intangible or a buyer, other than a secured 51 23 party, of accounts, electronic chattel paper, <u>electronic</u> 51 24 <u>documents</u>, general intangibles, or investment property other

51 25 than a certificated security takes free of a security interest 51 26 if the licensee or buyer gives value without knowledge of the

51 27 security interest and before it is perfected.
51 28 Sec. 75. Section 554.9338, subsection 2, Code 2007, is
51 29 amended to read as follows:

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2. a purchaser, other than a secured party, of the 51 31 collateral takes free of the security interest or agricultural lien to the extent that, in reasonable reliance upon the 51 33 incorrect information, the purchaser gives value and, in the 51 34 case of <u>tangible</u> chattel paper, <u>tangible</u> documents, goods, instruments, or a security certificate, receives delivery of the collateral.

Sec. 76. Section 554.9601, subsection 2, Code 2007, is amended to read as follows:

2. RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF SECURED PARTY IN POSSESSION OR CONTROL. A secured party in possession of collateral or control of collateral under section <u>554.7106</u>, 554.9104, 7 554.9105, 554.9106, or 554.9107 has the rights and duties 8 provided in section 554.9207.

PART F

ARTICLE 13

Sec. 77. Section 554.13103, subsection 1, paragraphs a and 52 12 o, Code 2007, are amended to read as follows:

52 13 a. "Buyer in ordinary course of business" means a person 52 14 who in good faith and without knowledge that the sale to the 52 15 person is in violation of the ownership rights or security 52 16 interest or leasehold interest of a third party in the goods, 52 17 buys in ordinary course from a person in the business of 52 18 selling goods of that kind but does not include a pawnbroker. 52 19 "Buying" may be for cash or by exchange of other property or 52 20 on secured or unsecured credit and includes receiving 52 21 acquiring goods or documents of title under a preexisting 52 22 contract for sale but does not include a transfer in bulk or 52 23 as security for or in total or partial satisfaction of a money 52 24 debt.

"Lessee in ordinary course of business" means a person ο. 52 26 who in good faith and without knowledge that the lease to the 52 27 person is in violation of the ownership rights or security 52 28 interest or leasehold interest of a third party in the goods 52 29 leases in ordinary course from a person in the business of 52 30 selling or leasing goods of that kind but does not include a 52 31 pawnbroker. "Leasing" may be for cash or by exchange of other 52 32 property or on secured or unsecured credit and includes 52 33 receiving acquiring goods or documents of title under a 52 34 preexisting lease contract but does not include a transfer in 52 35 bulk or as security for or in total or partial satisfaction of a money debt.
Sec. 78. Section 554.13514, subsection 2, Code 2007, is

amended to read as follows:

2. A lessee's failure to reserve rights when paying rent 5 or other consideration against documents precludes recovery of the payment for defects apparent on the face of in the documents.

Sec. 79. Section 554.13526, subsection Code 2007, is amended to read as follows: Section 554.13526, subsection 2, paragraph c,

c. such an acknowledgment to the lessee by a carrier via reshipment or as warehouser a warehouse. PART G

MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 80. Section 203C.17, subsection 1, Code 2007, is 53 15 amended to read as follows:

53 16 1. Any grain which has been received at any licensed 53 17 warehouse for which the actual sale price is not fixed and 53 18 proper documentation made or payment made shall be construed 53 19 to be grain held for storage within the meaning of this 53 20 chapter. Grain may be held in open storage or placed on 53 21 warehouse receipt. A warehouse receipt shall be issued for 53 22 all grain held in open storage within one year from the date 53 23 of delivery to the warehouse, unless the depositor has signed 53 24 a statement that the depositor does not desire a warehouse 53 25 receipt. A warehouse receipt shall be issued upon request by 53 26 the depositor. The warehouse operator's tariff shall apply 53 27 for any grain that is retained in open storage or under 53 28 warehouse receipt.

53 29 Sec. 81. Section 203C.18, Code 2007, is amended to read as 53 30 follows:

PRINTING, AND ELECTRONIC FILING. 53

53 33 1. For all agricultural products that become storage in a 53 34 licensed warehouse, warehouse receipts signed by the licensed 53 35 warehouse operator or the operator's authorized agent shall be

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54
      1 issued by the licensed warehouse operator. Such warehouse
      2 receipts shall be in the form required or permitted by uniform
 54
 54
      3 commercial code, sections 554.7202 and 554.7204, provided,
     4 however, that each receipt issued for agricultural products, 5 in addition to the matters specified in uniform commercial
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 54
 54
      6 code, section 554.7202 shall embody in its written or printed
 54
         terms:
 54
                       The receiving and loadout charges which will be
      8
            <del>1 .</del>
 9 made by the warehouse operator.
 54 10
            2. b. The grade or other class of the agricultural
 54 11 products received and the standard or description in
 54 12 accordance with which such classification has been made;
 54 13 provided that such grade or other class shall be stated
 54 14 according to the official standard of the United States
 54 15 applicable to such agricultural products as the same may be
 54 16 fixed and promulgated; provided, further, that until such 54 17 official standards of the United States for any agricultural
 54 18 product or products have been fixed and promulgated, the grade
 54 19 or other class thereof may be stated in accordance with any
 54 20 recognized standard or in accordance with such rules and
 54 21 regulations not inconsistent herewith as may be prescribed by
 54 22 the secretary of agriculture of the United States.
 54 23
             3. c. A statement that the receipt is issued subject to
 54 24 the Iowa warehouse Act and the rules and regulations 54 25 prescribed pursuant to the Act.
           4. d. Such other terms and conditions as may be required
 54 26
 54 27 by rules of the department.
 54 28
             2. Warehouses that are not licensed pursuant to this
 54 29 chapter or by the United States government shall not issue
 54 30 warehouse receipts for agricultural products.
 54 31
            The original copy of every warehouse receipt shall be
-54
     32 imprinted with the signature of the secretary of agriculture
54 33 prior to issuance.
 54 34 3. Forms for warehouse receipts shall only be printed by a 54 35 person approved by the department. A form for a warehouse
55 1 receipt shall be printed in accordance with specifications set
55 2 forth by the department. A form for a warehouse receipt that
55 3 is unused at the time that a warehouse operator's license is
55 4 canceled, suspended, revoked, or terminated shall be
55 5 surrendered to the department.
55 6 4. The department may adopt rules to allow for the
55 7 issuance of electronic warehouse receipts by a provider w
55 8 a person approved by the department to maintain a secure
55 9 electronic central filing system of electronic records
55 10 including warehouse receipts and who is independent of ar
         4. The department may adopt rules to allow for the issuance of electronic warehouse receipts by a provider who is
 55 11 outside influence or bias in action or appearance.
 55 12
             Sec. 82. Section 203C.19, Code 2007, is amended to read as
 55 13 follows:
 55 14
             203C.19 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO WAREHOUSE
 55 15 RECEIPTS == LOST RECEIPTS.
 \frac{1}{55} 16 \frac{1}{10} Insofar as not inconsistent with the provisions of \frac{1}{55} 17 chapter, original or duplicate receipts issued by licensed
             1. Insofar as not inconsistent with the provisions of this
 55 18 warehouse operators shall be deemed to have been issued under
 55 19 the provisions of uniform commercial code, chapter 554, 55 20 article 7.
 55 21
             2. Duplicates and releases for lost, destroyed, or stolen
 55 22 warehouse receipts may be issued only in accordance with the
 55 23 provisions of <del>section</del> <u>sections</u> 554.7601 <u>and 554.7601A</u>. 55 24
 55 25
 55 26
 55 27
                                                PATRICK J. MURPHY
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                                                 Speaker of the House
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                                                 JOHN P. KIBBIE
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                                                President of the Senate
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 55 35
             I hereby certify that this bill originated in the House and
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         is known as House File 716, Eighty=second General Assembly.
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                                                MARK BRANDSGARD
                                                Chief Clerk of the House
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                            _____, 2007
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 56 11 CHESTER J. CULVER
```